

## LINKED LISTS

Problem Solving with Computers-I

<https://ucsb-cs24-sp17.github.io/>



```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```



## Announcements

- PA3 and PA4 released
- PA3 is due on 5/8
- PA4 is due on 5/15 (a week after that)

int arr[3] = { 1, 2, 3 },

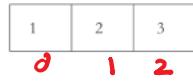
### Linked Lists

The Drawing Of List {1, 2, 3}

Stack

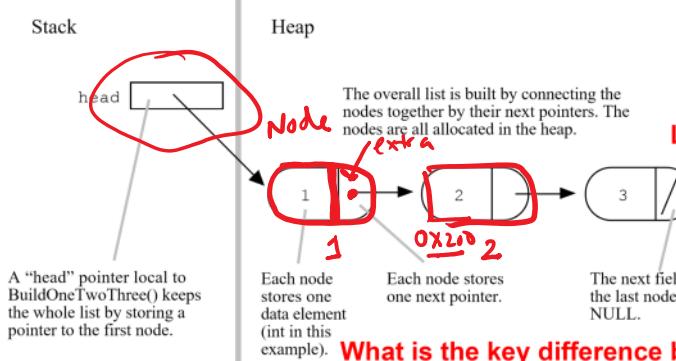
Heap

arr  
0 1 2



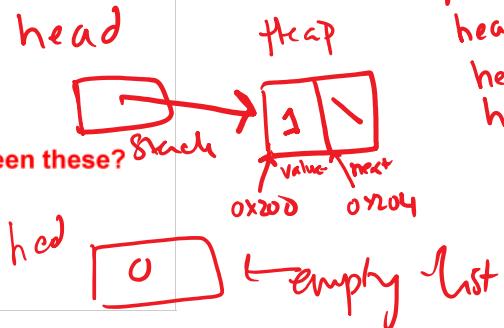
ArrayList  
Struct Node  
int value;  
Node \*next;

### The Drawing Of List {1, 2, 3}



```
struct Node {
    int value;
    Node *next;
};
```

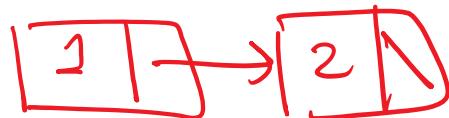
Linked List



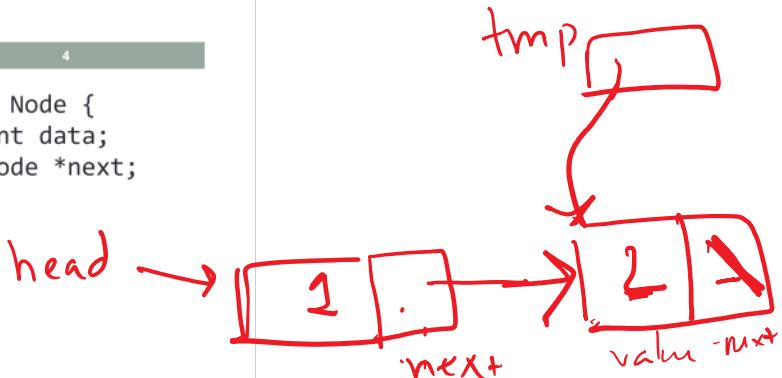
```
Node *head = 0;
head = new Node;
head->value = 1;
head->next = 0;
```

### Create a two node list

- Define an empty list
- Add a node to the list with data = 10



```
4
struct Node {
    int data;
    Node *next;
};
```



Node \*tmp = new Node;

tmp->value = 2;  
tmp->next = 0;  
head->next = tmp;



## Accessing elements of a list

```
struct Node {  
    int data;  
    Node *next;  
};
```



Assume the linked list has already been created, what do the following expressions evaluate to?

1. head->data **1**
2. head->next->data **2**
3. head->next->next->data **3**
4. head->next->next->next->data

- A. 1  
B. 2  
C. 3  
D. NULL  
E. Run time error

*Noor \*tmp = head->next->next->next;*

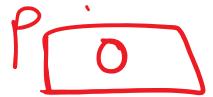
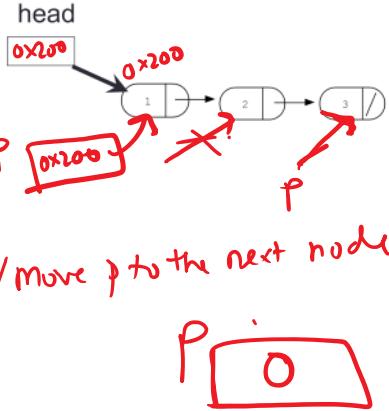
*int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3}; tmp->data = arr[i];*

*for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
 cout << arr[i];*



## Iterating through the list

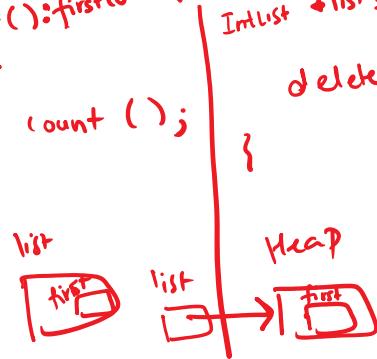
```
int lengthOfList(Node * head) {  
    /* Find the number of elements in the list */  
    int count = 0;  
    Node * p = head;  
    while (p) {  
        p = p->next; // Move p to the next node  
        count++;  
    }  
    Node * p;  
    for (p = head; p != 0; p = p->next) {  
        count++;  
    }
```



## Linked-list with classes

```
class IntList {  
public:  
    IntList(); // constructor  
    ~IntList(); // destructor  
    // other methods  
private:  
    // definition of Node structure  
    struct Node {  
        int info;  
        Node *next;  
    };  
    Node *first; // pointer to first node  
};
```

IntList(): first(0) { } void foo() {  
 IntList \*list = new IntList;  
 delete list;  
}

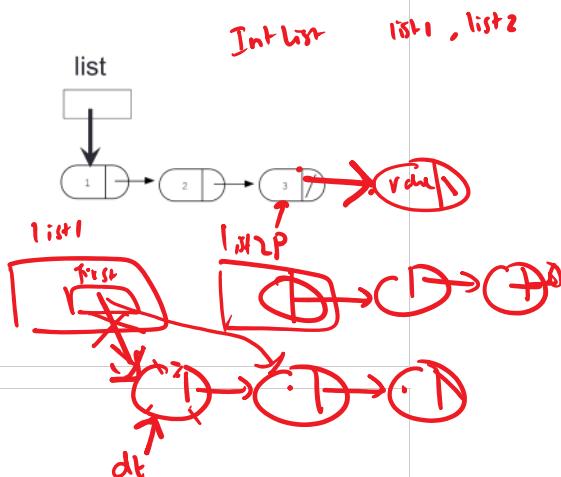


## Deleting the list

```
Node* freeLinkedList(Node * list)  
/* Free all the memory that was created on the heap */
```



```
}
```



## Next time

- More linked list with classes



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- More linked list with classes